Math Field Day 2008 Short Course Event Symbols, Formulas, Conversion Factors, Constants, and Definitions (foot-pound-second system of units - USCS)

Symbols		
а	acceleration in ft/sec ²	
А	area in ft²	
cfs	cubic feet per second, ft ³ /sec	
d	depth or diameter	
f	Darcy-Weisbach friction factor	
g	gravitational acceleration in ft/sec ² = 32.2 ft/sec ²	
gpm	gallons per minute	
h	head in ft, height in ft, pressure head in ft	
hL	Lost head in ft	
in	inch	
lb	pound	
n	roughness factor in Manning's formulas	
р	pressure in lb/ft ² , wetted perimeter in ft	
psf	lb/ft ² , gage	
psi	lb/in ² , gage	
Q	volume rate of flow in cfs	
R	hydraulic radius	
W	unit weight in lb/ft ³ (62.4 lb/ft ³ for water)	
S	Slope	
t	Time	
v or V	velocity	

Conversion Factors		
7.48 gal = 1 ft ³		
12 in = 1 ft		
60 s = 1 min		
144 in ² = 1 ft ²		
$gpm \rightarrow ft^3 / \sec \Rightarrow \frac{gal}{\min} \times \frac{1\min}{60\sec} \times \frac{1ft^3}{7.48gal}$		
$psi \to psf \Rightarrow \frac{lb}{in^2} \times \frac{144in^2}{1ft^2}$		

Constants	
$g = 32.2 \frac{ft}{\text{sec}^2}$	
$w = 62.4 \frac{lb}{ft^3}$	(water)

Equations of Fluid Flow		
1. Equation of Continuity	$Q=A_1V_1=A_2V_2={\rm constant}$	
Energy Equation (Bernoulli Theorem)	$\frac{p_1}{w} + \frac{{v_1}^2}{2g} + z_1 - h_L = \frac{p_2}{w} + \frac{{v_2}^2}{2g} + z_2$	
2a. Pressure head	$h_p = \frac{p}{w}$	
2b. Velocity head	$h_{v} = \frac{v^2}{2g}$	
2c. Static head	$h_s = z$ = elevation above a reference	
3. Manning formula for open channel flow (use only in the foot-pound-second system)	$Q = AV = A(\frac{1.486}{n})R^{2/3}S^{1/2}$	
3a. Hydraulic Radius formula (use to get <i>R</i> in the Manning formula)	$R = \frac{cross\ sectional\ area\ of\ flow}{wetted\ perimeter}$	
Darcy-Weisbach formula, head loss for flow in pipes under pressure	$h_L = f\left(\frac{L}{d}\right)\left(\frac{V^2}{2g}\right)$	